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Being nice may be in our genes

MANY FLASH AND ONLINE ACTIVITIES FOR THIS LESSON, PLUS A LISTENING, AT: http://www.NewsEnglishLessons.com/1204/120411-being_nice.html

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ALL ANSWERS ARE IN THE TEXT ON PAGE 2.

11th April, 2012

THE READING / TAPESCRIPT

From: http://www.NewsEnglishLessons.com/1204/120411-being_nice.html

A new study shows that being nice may be in our DNA. The study is from the University of Buffalo in the USA. Researchers there say they think they have found the genes for the "love hormone" oxytocin. The scientists believe people who have more oxytocin are nicer and more generous. Head researcher Dr Michel Poulin said oxytocin can help you to stop thinking that the world is a bad place. He added the chemical can also make you want to help other people.

The research team said the "love gene" on its own does not make someone nice. They stressed that a nice family and good friends are also important. Dr Poulin wrote: "We aren't saying we've found the niceness gene, but we have found a gene that [helps]." He added: "So if one of your neighbors seems a really generous, caring...kind of person, while another seems more selfish, tightfisted and not as interested in [helping others], their DNA may help explain why one of them is nicer than the other."

PHRASE MATCH

From: <u>http://www.NewsEnglishLessons.com/1204/120411-being_nice.html</u>

Match the following phrases from the article.

Paragraph 1

- 1. in our а. University of Buffalo 2 The study is from the b. generous 3. the genes for the с. help other people d. 4. nicer and more "love hormone" 5. thinking that the world е. DNA 6. f. make you want to is a bad place **Paragraph 2** 1. The research а. the niceness gene
- ² good friends are *b.* them is nicer
- 3. We aren't saying we've found c. team
- 4. we have found a gene *d.* also important
- ^{5.} a really generous, caring kind ^{e,} that helps
- 6. explain why one of *f*. of person

LISTENING GAP FILL

From: http://www.NewsEnglishLessons.com/1204/120411-being_nice.html

A that being nice may be in our DNA. The study is from the University of Buffalo in the USA. Researchers there say they think they have for the "love hormone" oxytocin. The scientists _____ who have more oxytocin are nicer and _____. Head researcher Dr Michel Poulin said oxytocin can help you to _____ the world is a bad place. He added the chemical can also ______ help other people. The research team said the "love gene" not make someone nice. They stressed that a nice family and good friends ______. Dr Poulin wrote: "We aren't saying we've found _____, but we have found a gene that [helps]." He added: "So if one of your neighbors seems _____, caring...kind of person, while another seems more selfish, _____ not as interested in [helping others], their DNA may ______ one of them is nicer than the other."

MULTIPLE CHOICE

From: <u>http://www.NewsEnglishLessons.com/1204/120411-being_nice.html</u>

A new study (1) _____ that being nice may be in our DNA. The study is from the University of Buffalo in the USA. Researchers there say they (2) _____ they have found the genes (3) _____ the "love hormone" oxytocin. The scientists believe people who have more oxytocin are nicer and more (4) _____. Head researcher Dr Michel Poulin said oxytocin can help you to stop thinking that the world is a (5) _____ place. He added the chemical can also make you want to help (6) _____ people.

The research team said the "love gene" on its (7) _____ does not make someone nice. They stressed that a nice family and good friends are (8) _____ important. Dr Poulin wrote: "We aren't (9) _____ we've found the niceness gene, but we have found a gene that [helps]." He added: "So if one of your neighbors (10) _____ a really generous, caring...kind of person, while another seems more selfish, (11) _____-fisted and not as interested in [helping others], their DNA may help (12) _____ why one of them is nicer than the other."

1.	(a)	showing	(b)	shows	(c)	showers
2.	(a)	thinking	(b)	think	(c)	thought
3.	(a)	for	(b)	by	(c)	at
4.	(a)	general	(b)	generous	(c)	generation
5.	(a)	bad	(b)	bald	(c)	bid
6.	(a)	another	(b)	others	(c)	other
7.	(a)	own	(b)	self	(c)	alone
8.	(a)	as well	(b)	further	(c)	also
9.	(a)	speaking	(b)	saying	(c)	talking
10.	(a)	seems	(b)	lives	(c)	nice
11.	(a)	loose	(b)	fist	(c)	tight
12	(a)	discuss	(b)	share	(c)	explain

Put the correct words from this table into the article.

SPELLING

From: <u>http://www.NewsEnglishLessons.com/1204/120411-being_nice.html</u>

Spell the jumbled words (from the text) correctly.

Paragraph 1

- 1. A new <u>tsudy</u>
- 2. they think they have <u>oufnd</u> the genes
- 3. The scientists <u>evielbe</u> people
- 4. nicer and more <u>eosreugn</u>
- 5. head <u>earecrsrhe</u>
- 6. He added the <u>ahccimle</u>

Paragraph 2

- 7. They <u>tssersed</u> that a ...
- 8. good friends are also mponirtta
- 9. one of your <u>rhgosenbi</u>
- 10. <u>cngira</u>...kind of person
- 11. another seems more <u>lisfehs</u>
- 12. their DNA may help <u>lxepain</u> why

PUT THE TEXT BACK TOGETHER

From: <u>http://www.NewsEnglishLessons.com/1204/120411-being_nice.html</u>

Number these lines in the correct order.

- () chemical can also make you want to help other people.
- (1) A new study shows that being nice may be in our DNA. The study is from the University of
- () help you to stop thinking that the world is a bad place.He added the
- () nice. They stressed that a nice family and good friends are also important. Dr Poulin wrote: "We aren't
- of your neighbors seems a really generous, caring...kind of person, while
- () hormone" oxytocin. The scientists believe people who have more oxytocin are nicer and
- saying we've found the niceness gene, but we have found a gene that [helps]." He added: "So if one
- Buffalo in the USA. Researchers there say they think they have found the genes for the "love
- () another seems more selfish, tight-fisted and not as interested in [helping
- () more generous. Head researcher Dr Michel Poulin said oxytocin can
- others], their DNA may help explain why one of them is nicer than the other."
- The research team said the "love gene" on its own does not make someone

THE READING / TAPESCRIPT

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With a partner, put the words back into the correct order.

1.	DNA	our	in be	may	nice	Being.			
2.	have	found	the <u>c</u>	jenes	for t	he "lo	ve. T	hey	hormone"
3.	who	People	nicer	are	oxytoc	in mo	re ha	ve.	
4.	world	bad	Stop	the a	a tha	t is	place	think	ing.
5.	you	Make	people	other	help	to	want.		
6.	A ar	nd are	e famil	y frie	nds i	mportani	t nice	goo	od also.
7.	nicene	ss sa	ying g	ene w	ve've	found	We t	he	aren't.
8.	A ki	nd re	ally of	gene	erous	person	, Cā	aring.	
9.	in o	thers	Not ir	iterested	d help	ping as	5.		
10.	than	of n	icer ot	her o	one is	the	Why	them	۱.

DISCUSSION (Write your own questions) <u>STUDENT A's QUESTIONS</u> (Do not show these to student B)

1.	 	
2.		
۷.	 	
3.	 	
4.	 	
5.		
6.		

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DISCUSSION (Write your own questions) <u>STUDENT B's QUESTIONS</u> (Do not show these to student A)

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	

WRITING

From: <u>http://www.NewsEnglishLessons.com/1204/120411-being_nice.html</u>

Write about being nice for 10 minutes. Show your partner your paper. Correct each other's work.

HOMEWORK

1. VOCABULARY EXTENSION: Choose several of the words from the text. Use a dictionary or Google's search field (or another search engine) to build up more associations / collocations of each word.

2. BEING NICE: Search the Internet and find more information about the being nice gene. Talk about what you discover with your partner(s) in the next lesson.

3. MAGAZINE ARTICLE: Write a magazine article about being nice. Include an imaginary interview with someone who wants to be nice. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.

4. WHAT HAPPENED NEXT? Write a newspaper article about the next stage in this news story. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Give each other feedback on your articles.

5. LETTER: Write a letter to a "being nice" expert. Ask him/her three questions about being nice. Give him/her three of your opinions on how to be a nicer person. Read what you wrote to your classmates in the next lesson. Your partner will answer the questions you asked.